

RIMEC



FISIOTEK HP2

The passive
rehabilitation
of the upper limb

Why choose Fisiotek HP 2?

- Because it allows all the movements for each joint to be made.
- Because the extension of the movement comprises the entire physiological range.
- Because it can be used both with the patient sitting and lying down.
- Because it allows the patient to be positioned easily.
- Because its versatility allows you to work on the three main joints of the upper limb: shoulder, elbow and wrist.
- Because it is stable and precise.
- Because it uses the Memory Card.

Adduction-abduction of the shoulder



What is the Memory Card ?

It is a card with an incorporated microchip that can be inserted and removed from the instrument. It acts as mobile memory. The operational data of the instrument for each individual patient is automatically stored on it. This makes instrument preparation easier and faster following the first rehabilitation session for subsequent sessions.

Fisiotek HP2 also has a function defined as "Warm-up", which has the purpose of warming up the treated joint through several movement cycles having a work angle less than the one reached during the previous session.

Elevation of the shoulder with the patient in supine position



Elevation of the shoulder with the patient sitting down



When is Fisiotek HP2 used?

SURGICAL PATHOLOGIES

- Arthroscopy for calcific tendinitis
- Acromioplasty
- Long head of biceps tenotomy + acromioplasty
- Acromioplasty + tenotomy of the supraspinal
- Arthroscopy for supraspinal injury + acromioplasty
- Surface operation for long head of biceps tenodesis and supraspinal repair
- Surface operation for long head of biceps + supraspinal reconstruction
- Synovectomy, bursectomy, arthroscopic acromioplasty

NON-SURGICAL PATHOLOGIES

- Brachial nerve injury
- Humerus fracture
- Rotator cuff tendopathies
- Fracture of the trochitis
- Calcific tendopathies
- Impingement from subacromial conflict
- Rotator cuff injury
- Arthrosis
- Contusive traumas of the rotator cuff
- Capsuloligamental hyperlaxity
- Adhesive capsulitis